

# Lipid-stripped albumin enables high-efficiency mRNA reprogramming of adult human fibroblasts

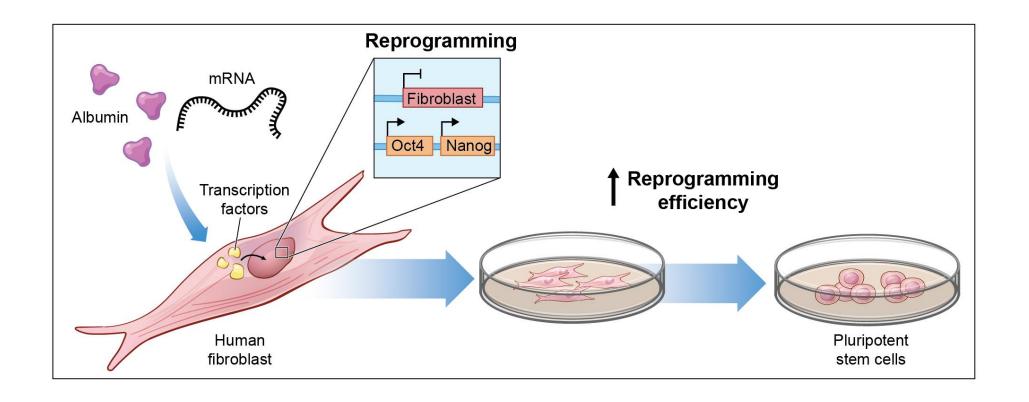
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# Standardizing mRNA reprogramming medium







### mRNA reprogramming medium formulation



#### Reprogramming medium

DMEM/F12

L-ascorbic acid-2-phosphate

ITSE

**bFGF** 

recombinant human serum albumin (HSA) pyridoxal hydrochloride

Y-27632

choleserol

hydrocortisone

polyoxyethylenesorbitan monooleate

D-alpha-tocopherol acetate

HEPES

#### Essential 8

DMEM/F12

L-ascorbic acid-2-phosphate

ITSE

**bFGF** 

TGF<sub>β</sub>1

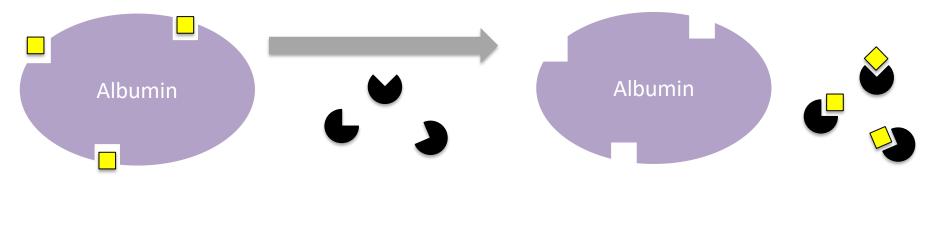


#### Recombinant human serum albumin treatment

Fatty acid impurities



- 1. Sodium octanoate used to stabilize HSA during heat treatment
- 2. Mixed-bed resin used to deionize HSA
- 3. Dextran-coated activated charcoal used to strip fatty acids from HSA

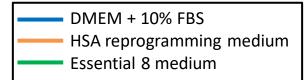


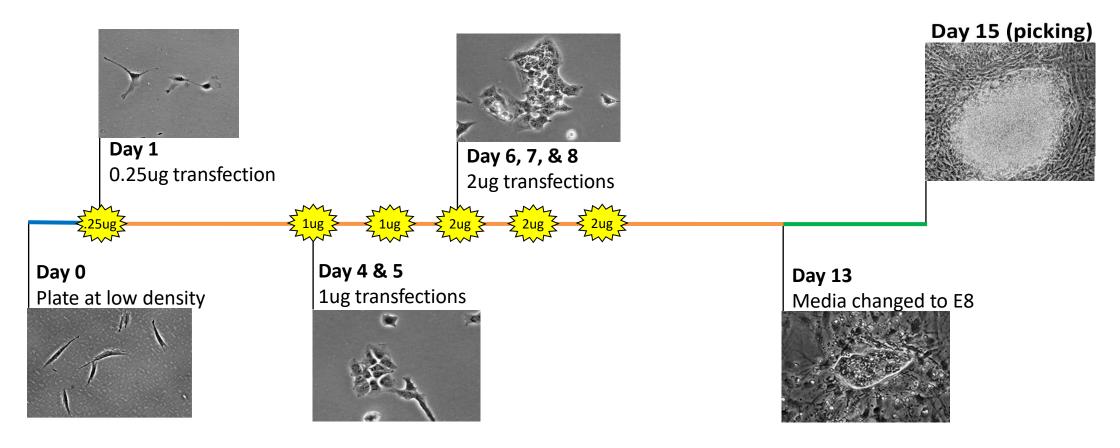


Dextran-coated charcoal

# Reprogramming timeline



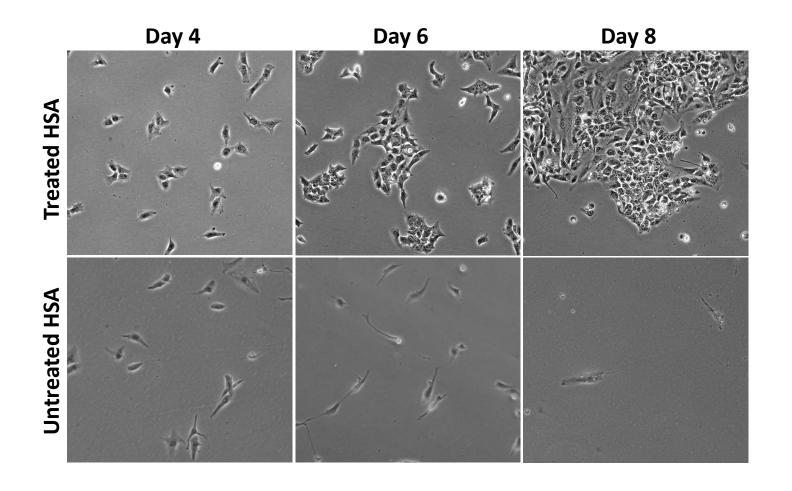






# Reprogramming comparison

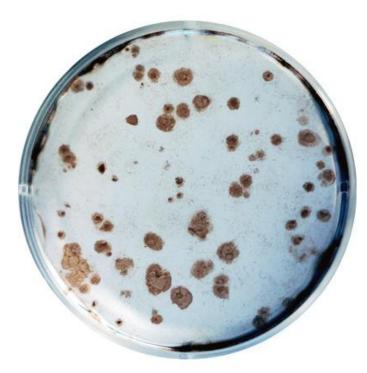




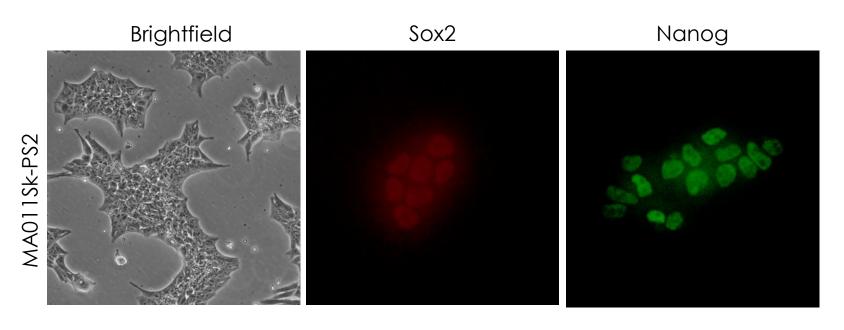


## Characterization of resulting pluripotent stem cells





>6% efficiency was achieved using 6 transfections. Colonies were stained for SSEA4 on day 20.



mRNA-reprogrammed cells (MA011sk PS2) were picked and cultured before being fixed with 4% Paraformaldehyde, permeabilized with triton, and then blocked with casein. Cells were stained for Sox2 and Nanog.



## Whole genome sequencing



- mRNA-reprogrammed cells were sequenced using Illumina HiSeq to obtain an average of 24x Coverage
- Human Reference genome 38 (Hg38) used for comparison
- No reprogramming factors were found duplicated in the genome

#### **Variants by Sequence Context**

	SNVs	Insertions	Deletions
In Genes	1,535,883	173,382	169,437
In Exons	52,494	3,905	3,809
In Coding Regions	22,909	226	291
In UTR Regions	29,585	3,679	3,518
In Splice Site Regions	2,635	261	261
In Mature microRNA	0	0	0

Genes include exons, introns and UTR regions. Exons include coding and UTR regions. UTR regions include 5' and 3' UTR regions. Splice site regions include regions annotated as splice acceptor, splice donor, splice site or splice region.

#### **Variants by Consequence**

	SNVs	Insertions	Deletions
Frameshifts	-	59	86
Non-synonymous	10,864	162	199
Synonymous	11,931	-	-
Stop Gained	94	5	0
Stop Lost	20	0	3

Variation consequences are calculated following the guidelines at http://uswest.ensemble.org/info/genome/variation/predicted\_data.html #consequences



#### Discussion



- Non-immunogenic synthetic mRNA can be used for highefficiency reprogramming with a reduced transfection schedule
- Dextran-coated charcoal-treated HSA is vital to successful mRNA reprogramming
- Future studies should examine the roles of individual HSAassociated molecules to determine the reprogramminglimiting factor



### Acknowledgements



I'd like to thank the team at Factor Bioscience Inc for their support and assistance. I greatly appreciate the feedback and guidance I've received on this project and others I've worked on over the years.





Conflict of interests

JH, FK, CR, and MA are inventors on U.S. Pat. Appl. No. 63,016,626. CR and MA are inventors on U.S. Pat. Nos. 8,497,124; 9,127,248; 9,399,761; 9,562,218; 9,695,401; 9,879,228; 9,969,983; 10,131,882; 10,201,599; 10,443,045; and others.

